

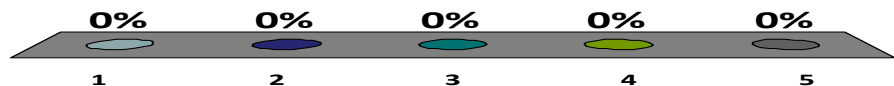
The interval between bus arrivals is
 $\sim U(10\text{mn}, 20\text{mn})$.

1. There are 2 buses in average per hour
2. There are 4 buses in average per hour
3. None of the above
4. I don't know



The validity of the formula obtained in the previous question requires that ...

1. The interarrivals are iid
2. The bus arrival process is Poisson
3. The bus arrival process is stationary
4. None of the above
5. I don't know



For the random
waypoint model,
the location of the
next waypoint is...

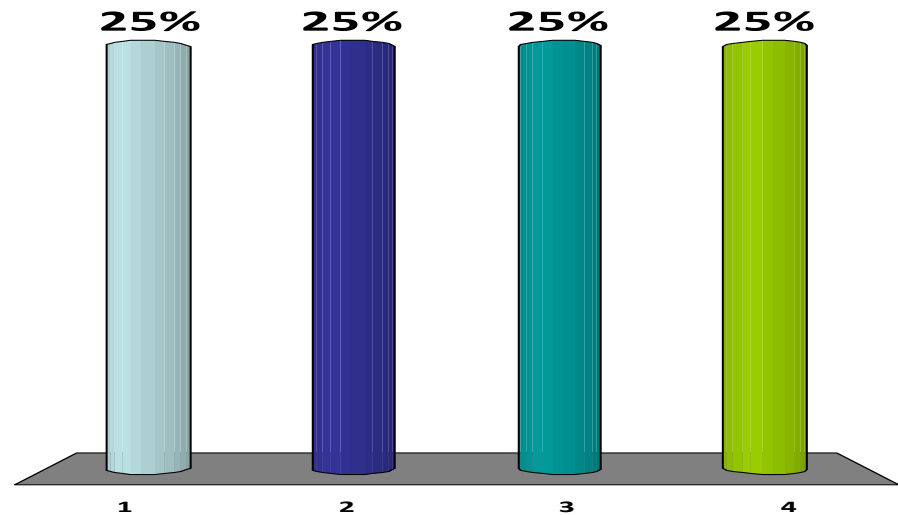
1. Uniformly distributed
2. Not uniformly distributed
3. It depends on the viewpoint
4. I don't know



**BorduRail claims
that only 5% of
train arrivals are
late**

**BorduKonsum
claims that 20% of
train users suffer
from late train
arrivals**

1. At least one of them lies
2. Late trains have $\approx 1.15 \times$ more passengers than the average train
3. Late trains have $\approx 4 \times$ more passengers than the average train
4. I don't know



A sensors senses events; the time between events (sensing interval) is $\sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$.

A technician comes and checks the current sensing interval. In average, he will find...

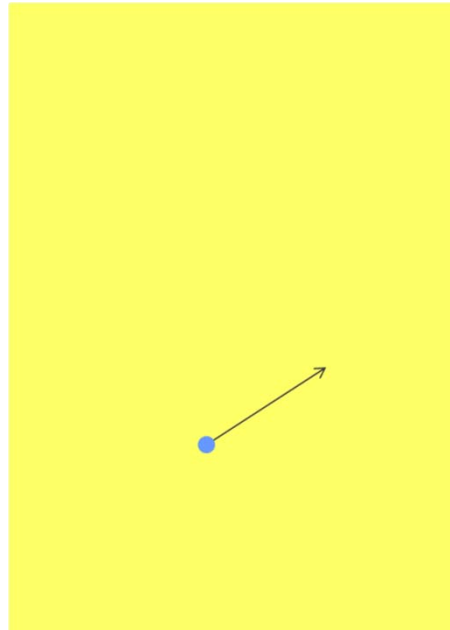
1. μ
2. $\mu + \sigma^2$
3. $\mu (1 + \sigma^2)$
4. $\mu \left(1 + \frac{\sigma^2}{\mu^2}\right)$
5. $\frac{1}{\mu} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma^2}{\mu^2}\right)$
6. $\frac{1}{\mu} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma^2}{\mu}\right)$
7. None of the above
8. I don't know



A mobile moves as follows

- pick a random direction uniformly in $[0, 2\pi]$
- pick a random trip duration $T \sim \text{Pareto}(p)$
- go in this direction for duration T and if needed reflect at the boundary.

Does this model have a stationary regime ?



1. Yes
2. No
3. Only if $p > 1$
4. Only if $p > 2$
5. I don't know

Consider the random waypoint model, where the distribution of the speed drawn at a random waypoint has a density $f(v)$ over the interval $[0, v_{max}]$.

Is it possible to find $f()$ such that

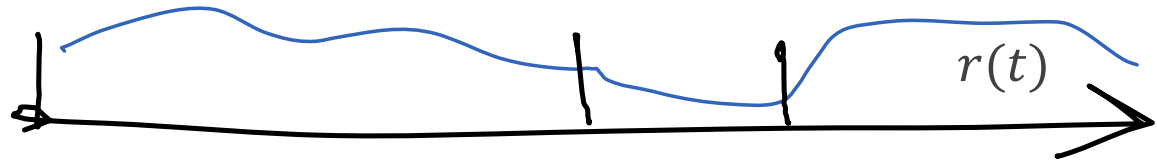
(1) the model has a stationary regime and

(2) the time stationary distribution of speed is uniform over $[0, v_{max}]$?

1. Yes, and $f()$ is uniform
2. Yes, and $f()$ is piecewise linear
3. Yes, and $f()$ is piecewise quadratic
4. Yes, but $f()$ is none of the above
5. No
6. I don't know

A wireless channel has a fluctuating rate $r(t)$ and operates in rounds. The average duration of a round is \bar{T} . The average amount of data transferred in one round is \bar{B} .

We sample the channel using the instants of a Poisson process. The average rate sampled is ...



1. $\frac{\bar{B}}{\bar{T}}$
2. $\frac{\bar{T}}{\bar{B}}$
3. None of the above, it depends on the higher moments of the average round duration
4. I don't know

Exercise:

We measure the distribution of flows transferred from a web server. We find that the distribution of the size in packets of an arbitrary flow is Pareto with $p > 1$. What is the probability that, for an arbitrary packet, it belongs to a flow of length x ?

PDF of Standard Pareto

$$f(x) = \frac{p}{x^{p+1}} \mathbb{1}_{x \geq 1}$$

Exercise:

We measure the distribution of flows transferred from a web server. We find that the distribution of the size in packets of an arbitrary flow is Pareto. What is the probability that, for an arbitrary packet, it belongs to a flow of length x ?

The distribution is ...

1. Pareto
2. Normal
3. Exponential
4. None of the above
5. I don't know

The distribution of flow sizes seen by packets is heavy tailed. Therefore the distribution of flow sizes is ...

1. Also heavy tailed
2. Never heavy tailed
3. It depends
4. I don't know

**Consider an
M/M/1 queue
with $\rho < 1$ and
consider the
point process
of departures.**

**This point process
satisfies the
assumptions of
the PASTA
theorem**

1. No
2. Yes
3. It depends on the parameters of the queueing system
4. I don't know

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1. No
2. Yes
3. It depends on the parameters of the queueing system
4. I don't know

Consider an M/M/1 queue with $\rho < 1$ and consider the point process of departures.

The distribution of state just before a departure is the stationary distribution.

1. No
2. Yes
3. It depends on the parameters of the queueing system
4. I don't know

Consider an M/M/1 queue with $\rho < 1$ and consider the point process of departures.

The distribution of state just after a departure is the stationary distribution.

1. No
2. Yes
3. It depends on the parameters of the queueing system
4. I don't know

**Consider an
M/M/1 queue
with $\rho < 1$ and
consider the
point process
of departures.**

**This point process
is a Poisson
Process**

1. No
2. Yes
3. It depends on the parameters of the queueing system
4. I don't know

In the M/M/1/K queue, the probability that an arriving packet is discarded is ...

M/M/1/K QUEUE

$$\begin{cases} \mathbb{P}(N = k) = \eta(1 - \rho)\rho^k 1_{\{0 \leq k \leq K\}} \\ \eta = \frac{1}{1 - \rho^{K+1}} \end{cases}$$

1. $P(N = K)$
2. Is not equal to $P(N = K)$
3. It depends on the parameters
4. I don't know